Response to Office Action of March 9, 2007

## LISTING OF CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

1. (Previously Presented) An organic electroluminescence device, comprising:

a substrate;

a first pixel electrode located in a predetermined area on the substrate; and

a second pixel electrode located on the first pixel electrode and contacting at least an

upper surface and a side surface of the first pixel electrode.

wherein the side surface of the first pixel electrode has a taper.

2. (Previously Presented) The organic electroluminescence device according to claim 1,

wherein the side surface is tapered towards an upper part of the first pixel electrode.

3. (Original) The organic electroluminescence device according to claim 1, wherein the

first pixel electrode is comprised of at least one material selected from a group consisting of

aluminum, aluminum alloy, silver and silver alloy.

4. (Original) The organic electroluminescence device according to claim 1, wherein the

second pixel electrode is comprised of at least one material selected from a group consisting of

indium tin oxide (ITO), indium zinc oxide (IZO), nickel, nickel oxide, platinum, platinum oxide,

gold, gold oxide, iridium, iridium oxide, chrome and chrome oxide.

Response to Office Action of March 9, 2007

 (Original) The organic electroluminescence device according to claim 1, wherein the first pixel electrode is comprised of the aluminum-neodymium (AINd), and the second pixel

electrode is comprised of indium tin oxide (ITO).

6. (Previously Presented) The organic electroluminescence device according to claim 1.

further comprising a third pixel electrode located between the first pixel electrode and the

substrate; and where the first pixel electrode contacts at least an upper surface and a side

surface of the third pixel electrode.

7. (Original) The organic electroluminescence device according to claim 6, wherein the

third pixel electrode has a side tapered toward an upper part thereof.

8. (Original) The organic electroluminescence device according to claim 6, wherein the

third pixel electrode is comprised of at least one material selected from a group consisting of

indium tin oxide (ITO), indium zinc oxide (IZO), nickel, nickel oxide, platinum, platinum oxide,

gold, gold oxide, iridium, iridium oxide, chrome and chrome oxide.

9. (Original) The organic electroluminescence device according to claim 6, wherein the

first pixel electrode is comprised of aluminum-neodymium (AINd); and both the second pixel

electrode and the third pixel electrode are comprised of indium tin oxide (ITO).

(Previously Presented) A method of fabricating an organic electroluminescence

device, comprising the steps of:

providing a substrate;

forming a first pixel electrode in a predetermined area on the substrate; and

Response to Office Action of March 9, 2007

forming a second pixel electrode on the first pixel electrode to contact at least an upper surface and a side surface of the first pixel electrode.

wherein the side surface of the first pixel electrode is formed to have a taper.

11. (Previously Presented) The method of fabricating an organic electroluminescence device according to claim 10, wherein the side surface is tapered towards an upper part of the first pixel electrode.

12. (Original) The method of fabricating the organic electroluminescence device according to claim 10, wherein the first pixel electrode and the second pixel electrode are formed by using a same photomask.

13. (Original) The method of fabricating the organic electroluminescence device according to claim 10, wherein the first pixel electrode is formed of at least one material selected from a group consisting of aluminum, aluminum alloy, silver and silver alloy.

14. (Original) The method of fabricating the organic electroluminescence device according to claim 10, wherein the second pixel electrode is formed of at least one material selected from a group consisting of indium tin oxide (ITO), indium zinc oxide (IZO), nickel, nickel oxide, platinum, platinum oxide, gold, gold oxide, iridium, iridium oxide, chrome and chrome oxide.

15. (Original) The method of fabricating the organic electroluminescence device according to claim 10, wherein the first pixel electrode is formed of the aluminum-neodymium (AINd); and the second pixel electrode is formed of indium tin oxide (ITO).

Response to Office Action of March 9, 2007

16. (Previously Presented) The method of fabricating the organic electroluminescence

device according to claim 10, further comprising the step of forming a third pixel electrode in the

predetermined area on the substrate before the first pixel electrode is formed; and the first pixel

electrode is formed so as to contact at least an upper surface and a side surface of the third

pixel electrode.

17. (Original) The method of fabricating the organic electroluminescence device

according to claim 16, wherein the third pixel electrode is formed to have a side tapered toward

an upper part thereof.

18. (Original) The method of fabricating the organic electroluminescence device

according to claim 16, wherein the third pixel electrode is formed of at least one material

selected from a group consisting of indium tin oxide (ITO), indium zinc oxide (IZO), nickel, nickel

oxide, platinum, platinum oxide, gold, gold oxide, iridium, iridium oxide, chrome and chrome

oxide.

19. (Original) The method of fabricating the organic electroluminescence device

according to claim 16, wherein third pixel electrode is formed of indium tin oxide (ITO); the first

pixel electrode is formed of aluminum-neodymium (AINd); and the second pixel electrode is

formed of indium tin oxide (ITO).

20. (Previously Presented) An organic electroluminescence device, comprising:

a substrate:

a first pixel electrode located in a predetermined area on the substrate, where the first pixel electrode has a side surface tapered toward an upper part thereof;

a second pixel electrode located on the first pixel electrode and contacting at least an upper surface and the side surface of the first pixel electrode; and

a third pixel electrode located between the first pixel electrode and the substrate, where the first pixel electrode contacts at least an upper surface and a side surface of the third pixel electrode, and where the third pixel electrode has the side surface tapered toward an upper part thereof.

21. (Previously Presented) A method of fabricating an organic electroluminescence device, comprising the steps of:

providing a substrate:

forming a first pixel electrode in a predetermined area on the substrate, where the first pixel electrode is formed to have a side surface tapered toward an upper part thereof;

forming a second pixel electrode on the first pixel electrode to contact at least an upper surface and the side surface of the first pixel electrode; and

forming a third pixel electrode in a predetermined area on the substrate before the first pixel electrode is formed, where the first pixel electrode is formed so as to contact at least an upper surface and a side surface of the third pixel electrode and the third pixel electrode is formed to have the side surface tapered toward an upper part thereof.